Preface

The Weekly Coal Production (WCP) provides weekly estimates of U.S. coal production by State. Supplementary data are usually published monthly in two supplements: the Coal Exports and Imports Supplement and the Domestic Market Supplement. Coal Exports and Imports Supplement contains detailed monthly data on U.S. coal and coke exports The Domestic Market Supplement and imports. contains detailed monthly electric utility coal statistics, by Census Division and State, for generation, consumption, stocks, receipts, sulfur content, prices, and the origins and destination of coal shipments. This supplement also contains summary-level, monthly data for all coal-consuming sectors on a quarterly basis.

Preliminary coal production data are published quarterly, based on production data collected using Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." The coal production estimation error for a quarter at the national level (i.e., the difference between the sum of the weekly estimates for a quarter and the quarterly EIA-6 preliminary data) ranges from 1 percent to 4 percent.

Final coal production data are published annually, based on the EIA-7A coal production survey. The revision error for a quarter at the national level (i.e., the difference between the EIA-6 preliminary data and the EIA-7A final data) ranges from 0.02 percent to 0.08 percent.

This publication is prepared by the Coal Division; Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels; Energy Information Administration (EIA) to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-275) as amended. Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by industry, press, State and local governments, and consumers. Other publications that may be of interest are the quarterly Coal Distribution Report, the Quarterly Coal Report, Coal Production 1988, and Coal Data: A Reference.

This publication was prepared by Wayne M. Watson and Michelle D. Bowles under the direction of Mary K. Paull and Noel C. Balthasar, Chief, Data Systems Branch. Questions on energy statistics should be directed to the National Energy Information Center (NEIC) at (202/586-8800).

Distribution Category UC-98

Released for printing July 20, 1990

Summary

U.S. coal production in the week ended July 14, 1990, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, totaled 19 million short tons. This was 35 percent more than in the previous week, which included the Independence Day holiday and the second week of the United Mine Workers of America (UMWA) members' vacation period. Coal production

was 33 percent higher than in the comparable week in 1989, when a 5-day work stoppage (memorial period) was called by the UMWA for mines East of the Mississippi River. Production East of the Mississippi River totaled 11 million short tons, and production West of the Mississippi River totaled 8 million short tons.

Figure 1. Coal Production

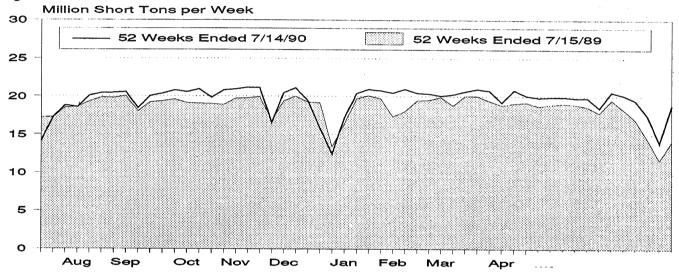


Table 1. Coal Production

	Week Ended		
Production and Carloadings	07/14/90	07/07/90	
Production (Thousand Short Tons)			
Bituminous ¹ and Lignite Pennsylvania Anthracite U.S. Total	18,750 67 18,817	13,887 40 13,926	
Railroad Cars Loaded	120,711	88,949	

¹Includes subbituminous coal.

Notes: All data are preliminary. Totals may not equal sum of Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Di Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7 coal production reports.

Table 2. Coal Production by State (Thousand Short Tons)

_	Week Ended			
Region and State	07/14/90	07/07/90	07/15/89	
Bituminous Coal ¹ and Lignite				
East of the Mississippi	11,108	6,980	7,490	
Alabama	511	325	309	
Illinois	985	598	782	
Indiana	898	600	453	
Kentucky	2,782	2,031	2,114	
Kentucky, Eastern	2,180	1,393	1,562	
Kentucky, Western	602	638	552	
Maryland	52	35	33	
Ohio	626	383	404	
Pennsylvania Bituminous	1,295	678	818	
Tennessee	127	69	80	
Virginia	885	489	640	
West Virginia	2,947	1,772	1,855	
	7040	0.007	0.000	
West of the Mississippi	7,642	6,907	6,628	
Alaska	25	19	18	
Arizona	230	170	188	
Arkansas	2	2	1	
Colorado	312	175	237	
lowa	7	5	6	
Kansas	18	14	21	
Louisiana	83	58	74	
Missouri	65	48	43	
Montana	768	712	684	
New Mexico	175	556	608	
North Dakota	633	587	446	
Oklahoma	38	32	26	
Texas	1,158	857	860	
Utah	376	219	293	
Washington	89	66	64	
Wyoming	3,663	3,387	3,062	
ituminous¹ and Lignite Total	18.750	13,887	14,118	
ennsylvania Anthracite	67	40	36	
.S. Total	18,817	13,926	14,154	

¹Includes subbituminous coal.

Notes: All data are preliminary. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent rounding.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and State mining agency coal production reports.

Coal Highlight
Producing Coal Leases on Federal Lands, Fiscal Year 1989

	Producin	g Leases			
State	Number	Acreage	Production FY89 (Million Tons)	Production Value (Million Dollars)	Royalty Value (Million Dollars)
Total	136	243,344	211.4	2,228	186.8
Alabama	1	120	0.1	3	0.2
Colorado	33	40,771	10.7	210	14.4
Kentucky	2	1,286	0.2	5	0.4
Montana	12	32,220	21.5	245	26.3
New Mexico	6	13,874	5.7	144	17.7
North Dakota	8	9,542	5.2	43	4.1
Oklahoma	2	2,228	0.1	2	0.1
Utah	39	41,503	15.5	272	19.5
Washington	1	241	0.7	14	0.2
Wyoming	32	101,559	151.7	1,289	103.8

Note: The statistics represent production and royalties reported during FY 1989 and adjustments made during FY 1989 for prior periods. The FY 1989 royalty management statistics may not represent actual production achieved in FY 1989 or the royalty accrued on that production due to adjustments for previous years. Estimated in part.

Source: U.S. Department of the Interior, Federal Coal Management Report, Fiscal Year 1989 (May 1990).

Action Required to Stay on EIA Mailing List

Did you return your Energy Information Administration (EIA) 1990 Publications Subscription Renewal Notice? It must be signed and returned by July 31, 1990. If not, your name will be removed from the EIA publications mailing list and you will no longer receive EIA publications free of charge.

If you did not receive a Renewal Notice and wish to remain on the mailing list, please call the National Energy Information Center at (202) 586-8800.

Note: This review does not apply to paid subscription lists maintained by the U. S. Government Printing Office.

This publication is available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO). Information about purchasing this or other Energy Information Administration (EIA) publications may be obtained from the GPO or the EIA's National Energy Information Center (NEIC). Questions on energy statistics should be directed to the NEIC by mail, telephone or telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD). Addresses, telephone numbers and hours appear below.

National Energy Information Center, EI-231 Energy Information Administration Forrestal Building, Room 1F-048 Washington, DC 20585 (202) 586-8800 TDD (202) 586-1181 Hours: 8:00-5:00, M-F, Eastern Time

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, DC 20402 (202) 783-3238

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or reflecting any policy of the Department of Energy or any other organization.